Introduction:

IZOFELT is a nonwoven high performance geo-textiles are strong geo-synthetic fabric made of polyester using needle punching technology. used in civil construction projects such as road or damp building that stabilizes loose soil and prevents erosion. It has high elongation and UV resistance due to its 100% fibers used virgin white polyester.

Function:

- Separation: The use of IZOFELT to prevent the intermixing of dissimilar materials so that the functioning of both materials can remain intact.
- **2. Filtration:** By permitting water flow while preventing the uncontrolled passage of soil particles.
- **3. Reinforcement: IZOFELT** resists stresses or deformation of structures due to its tensile properties.
- **4. Sealing:** when impregnated with asphalt to act as a moisture barrier.
- **5. Stress Absorption:** In pavement overlay when impregnated with asphalt.
- **6. Protection: IZOFELT** has stress reduction properties to prevent damage of adjacent surface or layer.

Storage:

When stored dry, and kept from freezing:
Original closed packaging or container, in dry or
covered place storage under moderated
temperature above 50C below 300C protects
from sunlight and frost.

Use:

IZOFELT Are used in Road and Railway soil stabilization, Asphalt pavement, Water roofing, Pipeline protection, Riverbank and Shore Protection Sub-surface drainage system, Waterproofing membrane protection, Landfill, Landscaping etc.

Health and safety:

Toxicity- nontoxic and odorless

Flammability - It's a PET short fiber non- woven polyester mat- nonflammable.

Skin contact - Avoid contact with skin and eyes. In case of contact with eyes and skin wash properly with tap water and soap.

Eye contact - In case of eye contact, rinse thoroughly with clean water but do not rub. If irritation continues consult with a doctor.





| | 522.50.503 | PERTIES | TEST METHOD | UNIT | STANDARD VALUE | TOLERA |
|--|--|----------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Weight | | ISO9073-1 | g/m | 100 | +10 9 |
| | Thinness | | ISO9073-2 | mm KN / m | 0.9 | ±10 |
| | Tensile — | MD | ISO13934-1 | KN / m | 2.5 | ±10 ° |
| | 100 CO | CD | | KN / m | 2.5 | ±10 ° |
| | Elongation — | MD CD | ISO13934-1 | % | 40 40 | ±10 ° |
| | | | | % | | ±10 |
| | Tear Strength — | ND | ISO9073-4 - | N N | 100 | ±10 |
| | CDD 0 | CD | ISO12236 | N | 100 | ±10 9 |
| | CBR Puncture Strength Determination of permeability | | ISO11058 | KN cm / S | 0.3 8.0 | ±10 ° |
| | | | | 3, 3 | | |
| | Weight | | ISO9073-1 | g/m | 120 | +10 9 |
| | Thinness | | ISO9073-2 | mm | 1.0 | ±10 9 |
| | Tensile | MD | ISO13934-1 | KN / m | 3.0 | ±10 9 |
| | | CD | 13013234-1 | KN/m | 3.0 | ±10 9 |
| | Elongation Tear Strength | MD | ISO9073-4 | % | 40 | ±10 9 |
| | | CD | | % | 40 | ±10 9 |
| | | ND | | N | 120 | ±10 9 |
| | | CD | | N | 120 | ±10 9 |
| | CBR Puncture | Strength | ISO12236 | KN | 0.4 | ±10 9 |
| | Determination of | f permeability | ISO11058 | cm / S | 7.0 | ±10 9 |
| | | | | | | |
| | Weight | | EN ISO9864 | g/m | 140 | +10 |
| | Thinness | | EN ISO9863-1 | mm | 1.2 | ±10 |
| | Tensile | MD | EN ISO10319 | KN / m | 4.0 | ±10 ° |
| | | CD | | KN / m | 4.0 | ±10 ° |
| | Elongation | MD | EN ISO10319 | % | 40 | ±10 ° |
| | | CD | | % | 40 | ±10 ° |
| | | | | | | |
| | CBR Puncture Strength | | EN ISO12236 | KN | 0.5 | ±10 ° |
| | Determination of permeability | | ISO11058 | 10 ⁻³ ms ⁻¹ | 85 | ±10 9 |
| | | | | | | |
| | Weight | | EN ISO9864 | g/m | 180 | +10 |
| | Thinn | 200000 | EN ISO9863-1 | mm | 1.5 | ±10 ° |
| | Tensile | MD | EN ISO10319 | KN / m | 5.5 | <u>+</u> 10 ° |
| | | CD | N. 102 21 102 22 102 22 102 22 102 22 102 22 102 22 102 22 102 10 | KN / m | 5.5 | ±10 ° |
| | Elongation | MD | EN ISO10319 | % | 50 | ±10 ° |
| | | CD | | % | 50 | ±10 |
| | | | | | | |
| | CBR Puncture Strength | | EN ISO12236 | KN | 0.8 | ±10 ° |
| | Determination of permeability | | ISO11058 | 10 ⁻³ ms ⁻¹ | 65 | ±10 ° |
| | | | | | | |
| | Weight | | EN ISO9864 | g/m | 200 | +10 9 |
| | Thinne | ess | EN ISO9863-1 | mm | 1.7 | ±10 9 |
| | Tensile Elongation | MD | EN ISO10319 EN ISO10319 | KN / m | 6,5 | ±10 9 |
| | | CD | | KN / m | 6.5 | ±10 9 |
| | | MD | | % | 50 | ±10 9 |
| | Liongation | CD | LN 13010319 | % | 50 | ±10 9 |
| | | | | | | |
| | CBR Puncture Strength | | EN ISO12236 | KN | 0.9 | ±10 9 |
| | Determination of permeability | | LIV 13012230 | INN | 0.9 | 7107 |



izomaks

IZOFELT

